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LI. A Letter from Monf. le Cat, F. R. S. to Dr. Mortimer, Secr. R. S. Translated from the French, by Tho. Stack, M. D. F. R. S.

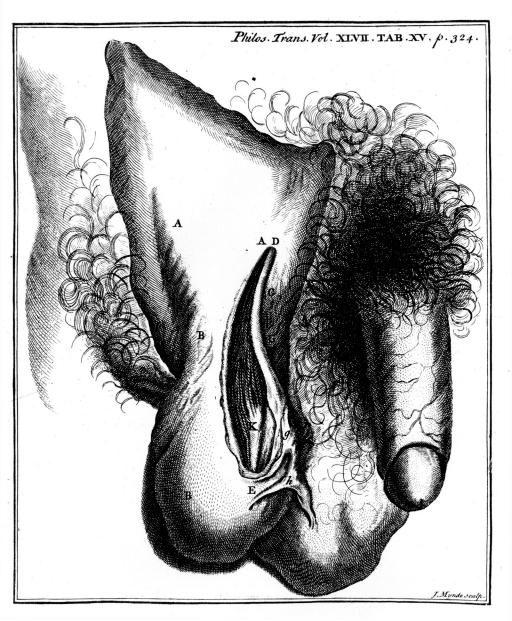
SIR, Rouen, April 3, 1750, N.S.

Read Dec. 19, LOOK on it as a novelty in furgery, to
1751. Ifind, 1st, hernias by rupture, having
nevertheless a herniary fack; 2dly, hernias by dilatation, having two very distinct facks. Wherefore I
judged that these observations deserved to be communicated to the Royal Society.

I.

A hernia by rupture, having nevertheless a sack.

On the 18th of February 1750, in giving a private course of operations to my English pupils, on the body of one Lewis le Clerc, a lad of eighteen years old, a weaver, of the parish of St. Maclou, I discovered the hernia represented in the figure. The aponeurofis of the musculus obliquus externus AA ran over the whole tumor BBC, and intirely cover'd it. At the anterior and lateral internal part of this tumor was the ring  $\mathcal{D}E$  lengthened into the shape of a perpendicular button-hole; which had nothing to close it but a cellular lamina, of which g, h, are jags, and which covered all this bag, as being a continuation of the cellular membrana adipofa. Through the abovemention'd button-hole appeared the cellular coat, with which the peritonaum furnishes the spermatic vessels.



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vessels. The intestine occupied the rest of this bag; and at the bottom BE was contained the testicle. which confequently had never taken the way of the ring to come out of the belly, as it usually does: but having passed on one side, it had gradually pushed out the aponeurosis of the musculus obliquus externus: and the intestine having follow'd it, and broke the true lamina of the peritonaum, they had in concert formed this elongation. At least this is the most natural explanation that I can give of this fingularity. That the testicles are originally in the belly, is a fact fufficiently known. I have diffected fœtus's. in which I found them therein near the bladder. It is pretty common to feel them in the rings in children; and I have found them there even in lads of upwards of twenty years old.

#### II.

#### A hernia having two sacks.

Continuing the above-mention'd course, on the 5th of March 1750, I found in the body of Nicolas Janaux, a batchelor of 48 years of age, by trade a cloth-worker of St. Owen de Longpaon, a rupture with a double herniary sack, the first of which was formed by the expansion of the aponeurosis of the obliquus externus, as in the preceding observation, excepting that this expansion was only on the outward side, that the ring was in its usual place, that the bottom of the bag formed by this expansion had some empty spaces, where the expansion was wanting. In a word, the bag was neither as complete, nor as thick as that of the foregoing observation; but

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on the other hand, there was a fecond bag, formed as usual by the true lamella of the peritonaum.

#### III.

Another fort of duplicity of the herniary fack.

Francis le Monnier, coachman, of the Rue St. Laurent, about 65 years of age, had a rupture of long standing, of the strangulation whereof I had already cured him in 1748. Having taken off his truss, in order to get it mended, he was seized with strangulation the 10th of Feb. 1750. After applying all the remedies prescribed in such cases without fuccess, I was obliged to perform the operation on the 21st at eight in the evening. Having laid the bag open in the usual manner, which contain'd a little watry humour in it, I was much furprised at discovering within this bag a second bag, or pocket, which could be nothing else, but either a second herniary bag, or an incomplete hernia; that is to fay, a portion only of one fide of an intestine elongated, and come down thro' the ring. number of considerable blood-vessels on this pocket, its thickness and fibrous texture seemed to evince the latter. But first, upon pressing this bag, all its contents return'd into the abdomen; secondly, the patient affored me, even at the instant, that his rupture had kept up fince its reduction in 1748; and I found this bag adhering, not only to the first bag, but also attached by old and strong adherences to the testicle and spermatic vessels; and it was impossible that this state should be the effect of three days of strangulation. However, as the patient might possibly have

have deceived me in his account; and as it was dangero s to open a bag which had too near a refemblance with the gut of an incomplete hernia, I came to a refolution, which equally fuited the two fufpected cases. I separated the testicle and spermatic vessels from this sack, and pushed back this pocket,

or fecond bag, into the belly.

The patient having died on the 9th day after the operation, we found, that the pocket which had given us fo much uneafinefs, and which I had reduced into the belly, was really a herniary fack formed by the true peritoneum; and therefore that the first sack must have been either an interior aponeurotic lamina of the abdominal muscles, or the cellular membrane thickened by the long duration of the hernia and its strangulations. The considerable thickness of the true or second sack renders this notion very probable. I fay that the first sack must have been formed by an interior aponeurotic lamina, and not from an exterior one, like that of the first observation; because, in this operation, I had freed the ring, in my usual manner, above this first sack, and without opening it. Then I passed the grooved catheter over this fack, under the aponeurofis or pillar of the musculus obliquus externus; and therefore this fack could not be a continuation of this external aponeurosis, but that of some more inward lamina, or of the cellular membrane of the very peritonæum, separated from the true lamina by the serosities which we found in it.

To this letter I will add two observations made about the same time.

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I.

A natural blind duct, being a production of the true lamina of the periton um by the rings.

March 5, 1750, in the dead body of Magdalen Vauchel, wife of Thomas Fermant, 46 years old, I found this duct of the thickness of a goose-quill, be-a production of the true lamina of the peritonaum stretched out by the rings; of which Swammerdam and Nuck dispute the discovery, and Blancard denies the existence. What made me discover this, was, that its extremity was widen'd into the shape of a bubble as big as the top of a singer, and full of a watery humour. This woman had never had a hernia, nor even the least tendency towards one.

#### II. Strictures and carnosities in the urethra.

Nothing is more common at this day than to hear people affert, that strictures and carnosities of the urethra are mere chimera's; that the bodies of perfons, who were thought to have these strictures and carnosities, had been open'd, and that none of these had been found. I myself have made this observation, and I inferred thence, that there were urethra's, in which a phlogosis, a sungous inflation gave occasion to the deception, being taken for strictures and carnosities: but if I had drawn this general inference, that of all the urethra's, wherein these strictures and carnosities are thought to be found, not one has any thing in them, I should have been deceived, and would now make my recantation.

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One of my boarders preparing to perform the operation of cutting on the dead body of Michael Vassal, a batchelor, aged 45, the found could not pass; the pupil forced, and made a false passage.

I open'd this canal, and found,

Ist. That a fimple small stile could not pass into the urethra, by pushing it from the glans towards the prostate; but that it passed, by pushing it from

the prostate towards the glans.

2dly. A little before the place, where the bulb becomes less thick, and begins to surround the urethra, that is, about a large finger's breadth from its beginning, there was a stricture intirely like that, which Dr. Willis discovered in the upper longitudinal finus of the dura mater.

3dly. Some few lines lower down was a caruncle, or a fleshy firm bump, of the fize of a pea; and below this bump, the urethra was extremely Areightened.

4thly. The basis of this carnosity formed a kind of valve, and there I found the false passage, that went into the substance of the bulb.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most humble, and most obedient servant,

Le Cat.